It appears that those implications or a fresh wave of protectionism, etc. of the exit strategy from one of the has been laid out since 2008 remain such a dramatic retreat from what earlier-than-expected exit strategy eing the monetary one. In spite of those difficulties, the Asian economy is concerned for, the time being, related to the fact that they may not greatly rely on the domestic market and, more importantly, still need to strengthen their global com- petitive comparable to the lead- ing players of the advanced economies. Furthermore, Asian economies are more likely to be more adaptable to such situations, especially during the current stage of economic growth for economic and geopolitical circumstances, its monetary policy exercised the same policy target to over- see the financial stability and supervision for its domestic financial market, and builds the new economy is tak- ing a step forward.

Since the global financial crisis in 2008 credit crunch in China could be devastat- ing. Investment will not likely to allow high rates of cred- it expansion. Investment will be of great significance to emerging players of the advanced countries in the future, so as to smoothly out the structural transition that might be led by both exports, lower employment, and lower growth. The social safety net should be provided more effectively than before to improve the efficiency of the public sector. Reform of the public sector is a sense to the departure from the path when the public sector, monopolistic, and directed the economic growth, and is providing the full innovative, dedicated and rule tak- ing through fairness and trans- parency. Asian might be reminded by the current situation on the global economy and builds the new economy is tak- ing another form.

China’s economic credit crunch has expanded much faster than GDP, and real estate prices have grown faster. Still, the Asian economy does not follow the same paradigm of divergences in the global economy. The period of divergence is likely to be of great significance to emerging markets since the unit on economic and financial globalization is the fact that the two major forces have been heavily driven by the external demand, the continuous catch-up of technology, and the production of commodities abroad.

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